

3D PRINTING AND DESIGN REFERENCE DOCUMENT

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Author(s):	jattie
Contributor(s):	

REVISION HISTORY

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FDM Printer Calibration Overview

Calibrating and tuning your FDM 3D printer is essential to achieve high-quality prints. Here are the steps you can follow:

- **Ensure Everything Is Tight:**
 - Check all bolts and screws on your printer to make sure they are tight. Loose parts can introduce slop into your prints, affecting quality.
 - Properly tension the belts. If your printer doesn't have built-in tensioners, consider printing and using a belt tensioner for better control.
- **Level Your Print Bed:**
 - Proper bed leveling is crucial for good adhesion and consistent layer height.
 - Use an index card or similar material to set the correct distance between the print head and the bed. Adjust the Z-axis end stop variable if needed.
 - Most printers have corner screws for bed leveling.
- **Calibrate Your Z-Offset:**
 - Fine-tune the distance between the nozzle and the bed. This ensures proper first-layer adhesion.
 - Adjust the Z-offset in your printer settings.
- **Measure Your Filament:**
 - Measure the diameter of your filament using calipers.
 - Input the correct filament diameter in your slicer software.
- **Print a Temperature Tower:**
 - A temperature tower helps you find the optimal printing temperature for your filament.
 - Search for a suitable temperature tower model and print it.
- **Calibrate Your Extruder:**
 - Ensure that your extruder is pushing the correct amount of filament.
 - Use a calibration cube or other test prints to fine-tune the extrusion multiplier.
- **Tune Your PID Settings:**
 - PID (Proportional-Integral-Derivative) settings control the heating element.
 - Use PID autotuning or manually adjust the values for consistent heating.
- **Calibrate Your Stepper Motors:**
 - Check that your printer's motors move the correct distance.
 - Print a calibration cube and measure its dimensions to adjust the steps per millimeter.
- **Calibrate the Printing Speed:**
 - Experiment with different print speeds to find the right balance between speed and quality.
 - Adjust speed settings in your slicer.
- **Print a Benchy (or Other Calibration Print):**
 - The Benchy boat is a popular calibration model.
 - It helps identify issues like overhangs, layer adhesion, and surface quality.

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Patience and persistence are key during the calibration process. Take your time, make small adjustments, and test your settings with various prints. Happy printing!

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